1	2	3	4
21.	सिक्किम	शून्य	न्यूनतम मजदूरी अधिनियम, 1948 को अभी भी लागू और प्रवर्तित किया जाना है।
22.	तमिलनाडु	10.00 रु0 से 65.25 रु0 प्रतिदिन (21.7.95)	अलग-अलग रोजगारों के लिये अलग-अलग दरें (अंचलों के अनुसार)
23.	त्रिपुरा	17.70 रु0 से 36.00 रु0 प्रतिदिन (7.6.96)	-वही-
24.	उत्तर प्रदेश	36.00 रु0 से 49.30 रु0 प्रतिदिन (13.6.96)	-वही-
25.	पश्चिमी बंगाल	27.70 रु0 से 59.20 रु0 प्रतिदिन (2.11.95)	-वही-
26.	अंडमान और निकोबार	37.00 रु0 से 40.00 रु0 प्रतिदिन (15.8.94)	-वही-
27.	चंडीगढ़	54.60 रु0 से 58.07 रु0 प्रतिदिन (4.1.95)	कृषि को छोड़कर सभी रोजगारों के लिये एकहरी दर
28.	दादरा और नगर हवेली	35.00 रु0 से 40.00 रु0 प्रतिदिन (18.5.95)	अलग-अलग रोजगारों के लिए अलग-अलग दरें (अंचलों के अनुसार)
29.	दमन और दीव	35.00 रु0 प्रतिदिन (8.5.95)	सभी रोजगारों के लिए एकहरी दर
30.	दिल्ली	64.50 रु0 प्रतिदिन (1.2.94)	-वही-
31.	लक्षद्वीप	30.00 रु0 प्रतिदिन (1.1.96)	-वही-
32.	पांडिचेरी	19.25 रु0से 40.20 रु0 प्रतिदिन (24.7.95)	कृषि कर्मचारों के लिये दरें
33.	केन्द्रीय सरकार	34.96 रु0 से 63.09 रु0 प्रतिदिन (12.7.94)	अलग-अलग रोजगारों की अलग-अलग दरें (क्षेत्रों के अनुसार)

नोट: 1. *मजदूरी की न्यूनतम दरों सहित परिवर्तनीय मंहगाई भत्ते का प्रावधान प्रदर्शित करता है

2. कॉलम 3 के अंतर्गत कोष्ठक में दिये गये आंकड़े पिछली बार संशोधित अनुसूचित रोजगार के लिए संशोधन की तिथि दर्शाते है।

No objection for conducting a secret ballot for verification

2354. SHRI DIPANKAR MUKHERJEE: SHRI NILOTPAL BASU:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 1809 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 9th December, 1996 and state:

(a) whether the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas had referred the issue to Ministry of Labour in January, 1996 conveying its no objection for conducting a secret ballot for verification;

(b) whether Chief Labour Commissioner had eferred this issue wrongly to RLC (Guwahati) instead of RLC (Calcutta);

(c) whether the same was rectified in November, 1996;

(d) if so, the reasons for denying this information in above referred reply; and

(e) the reasons for the delay in conducting the verification so far and likely date to complete the process?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) There is no delay in conductintg the verification. Unions & Management gave their consent on this issue to RLC(C) Calcutta only on 20.1.97. Indian Oil employees union requested RLC(C) Calcutta to hold election after 20th March, 1997, Indian Oil Shramik Union requested RLC(C) Calcutta to hold election before March, 1997. The management requested 45 days time for preparation with regard to conduct of election. The verification process will be completed as early as possible.

Government's Assurance to ILO in Elimination of Child Labour in Hazardwin Jobs

2355. SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:
SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have lately assured ILO to eliminate child labour in hazardous jobs;

(b) if so, the details in this regard; and

(c) the steps being taken to implement the assurance?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) to (c) While the policy of the Government is to eliminate child labour in all its form, the elimination of child labour from hazardous occupations has been taken up in the first instance. 76 child labour projects have been set up for the rehabilitation of around 1.5 lakh children working in hazardous occupations. A major activity undertaken under the child labour project is the establishment of special schools to provide non-formal education, vocational training, supplementary nutrition etc. Besides opening of child labour projects, funds have been sanctioned for carrying out survey on child labour in 123 districts and for awareness generation in 133 districts.

Increase in the Number of Labour Courts

2356. SHRI TARA CHARAN MAJUMDAR: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have been requested to increase the number of labour courts in the country;

(b) whether Government have also been requested to assign the work of labour courts to retired judges of High Courts;

(c) whether Government propose to take action on these requests; and

(d) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d) Appointment of Presiding Officers of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Courts is made in accordance with the provisions contained in Section 7(A), 7(b) and 7(c) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. Eligible judges can be appointed as Presiding Officers upto their attaining the age of 65 years irrespective of whether one is serving or retired Judge. Suitable Judicial Officers are appointed as